

NO MESSAGE IS SENT PARIS BY PRESIDENT

French Demand Trial for German Officer

Reports That He Tells Position on New Flume Disposition Plan Are Denied in Official Circles.

EMMANUEL CALLS COUNCIL

Conference to Decide on Best Method to Overcome Difficulties at Flume to be Held at Once.

PARIS, Sept. 23.—A report that a second message had been received from President Wilson to the American peace delegates "which might result in a settlement of the Flume problem alone" compromise lines was rejected by the French, it was officially said this afternoon.

Not only did the Americans deny receiving any further message from the president, but they said that they do not expect any further negotiations over Flume for a week or two. The report that President Wilson had ordered a compromise was characterized by the Americans as "untrue."

King Victor Emmanuel has summoned a council of the leading political leaders and the chief ministers and is ready to consider the Flume situation with a dispatch from Rome today.

The conclave of the chamber of deputies has been postponed until September 27 as a result of the uncertainty.

Three army officers—General Tronchet, General Gobert and General Lyautey—have been relieved of their commands.

It is reported from Paris that the corps under Gen. Gabriel d'Amourzio are prepared to "blow up the city rather than surrender it."

American delegates to the peace conference expressed fears today that if General d'Announzio carries out his threat to blow up the port of Flume the Jugo-Slavs will retaliate with force of arms and thus create a situation which may spread to open warfare throughout the Balkans. The American delegation makes it plain in all discussions that President Wilson's instructions regarding Flume involve no backdown nor do they permit of a compromise unless there is a general internationalization of the port.

It is understood that if the Americans negotiate any further concessions they will make for concessions by the Balkans on the Dalmatian coast. It is absolutely denied in American circles that Premier Lloyd George or Premier Clemenceau have changed their position.

It can be seen on high authority that the other side is not in the French favor any compromise which does not carry with it the internationalization of the port of Flume.

The American delegates officially deny that d'Announzio's coup will affect the final settlement of the Flume problem in the slightest degree, as it is pointed out that the Italians are permitted to get away with Flume by their own right, even if France has no action right in Flume to push Thessaloniki to attempt to take Danzig and Rumania to hold on to Trieste.

Admiral Andrews, U. S. N., who has been making an investigation on the Dalmatian coast for the American peace delegation, is understood to have reported that Zara and Trieste by the Italian population. Admiral Andrews is apparently fearful that the demonstrations may result in clashes with the Jugo-Slavs.

French Demobilize. PARIS, Sept. 23.—The demobilization of the French army is now entirely completed, all troops except those in the Rhine having returned to their usual garrison posts.



BAKER IS UNDECIDED ON NUMBER IN ARMY

Not Yet Convinced Whether 300,000 or 300,000 Required He Tells House Military Committee.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 23.—Secretary of War Newton D. Baker is not convinced whether the United States new army should number 300,000 men or 200,000, he told the house military committee today.

We have very little national guard in this country and our regulars are being used for police duty in the states along the Mexican border and elsewhere, he explained.

The new army must settle down to stable and orderly government when it shall have settled down to a small army will be possible, but whatever we have ought to be a complete and balanced army.

If the League of Nations is not formed an army of 300,000 for this country will be the right size. We must return to the earth and keep our place in the world, continuing to live in peace with our neighbors, the world is vastly disturbed. I don't know when they will settle down.

General Carter, head of the militia division, explained that the reorganization of the national guard was going on slowly.

"Men just back from Europe are up for war," he declared.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE SECURITY STATE BANK

of Tulsa, Oklahoma, Sept. 17, 1919

RESOURCES

Loans and discounts	\$ 111,917.17
Stocks, Bonds, Warrants, etc.	120,136.39
Furniture and Fixtures	6,565.93
Due from Banks	546,627.79
Checks and Other Cash Items	9,205.61
Cash in Bank	13,424.49
Total	\$1,207,450.81

LIABILITIES

Capital Stock Paid in	100,000.00
Surplus Fund	25,000.00
Undivided Profits, less Expenses and Taxes Paid	7,498.67
Due to Banks	96,254.70
Individual Deposits Subject to Check	687,104.61
Savings Deposits	152,828.88
Demand Certificates of Deposit	10,355.00
Time Certificates of Deposit	108,155.00
Certified Checks	500.00
Cashier's Checks Outstanding	16,058.85
Total	\$1,207,450.81

State of Oklahoma, County of Tulsa, ss:

I, C. W. Brewer, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above named statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief and so help me God.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 22nd day of September, 1919.

MATTHEW RIGGS, Notary Public.

My commission expires February 6, 1922.

Correct—Attest: ALVA J. NILES,

C. S. OWENS,

L. LYONS, Directors.

SINKING OF CORSCIANA DENIED AT NEW ORLEANS

MONTGOMERY, Ala., Sept. 23.—Reports from New Orleans that the steamer Corsicana had been sunk in the recent hurricane in the Gulf of Mexico by the naval office of the Marine Steamship company, owners of the vessel, The Corsicana, local officials said, landed at Stevarts, on the north coast of Cuba, Sept. 14, four days earlier after having successfully weathered the hurricane. She sailed from Mobile Sept. 5. Although nothing has been heard from the Manila, another Marine liner, which now is 13 days overdue, in Havana, the officials of the owning company have not given her up to date.

The American delegates officially deny that d'Announzio's coup will affect the final settlement of the Flume problem in the slightest degree, as it is pointed out that the Italians are permitted to get away with Flume by their own right, even if France has no action right in Flume to push Thessaloniki to attempt to take Danzig and Rumania to hold on to Trieste.

Admiral Andrews, U. S. N., who has been making an investigation on the Dalmatian coast for the American peace delegation, is understood to have reported that Zara and Trieste by the Italian population. Admiral Andrews is apparently fearful that the demonstrations may result in clashes with the Jugo-Slavs.

French Demobilize. PARIS, Sept. 23.—The demobilization of the French army is now entirely completed, all troops except those in the Rhine having returned to their usual garrison posts.

Order Early and Avoid the Rush

Lawson Odorless Room Heaters

No. 0 to 30

No.	Height in.	Length in.	Spaced sq. feet	Shipping Weight	Per cu. foot
0	14	8	6	12	688
10	14	18	6	14	1082
20	16	18	7	22	1488
30	17	20	8	26	1988

Furnished in black or nickel plated finishes. In ordering specify which is desired.

Odorless Room Heaters

There is an economical size for the largest to the smallest space: living room, hall, bedroom, bath, nursery, den—any one made cosily warm in a few minutes.

To determine the number of heaters best suited to the rooms you wish to heat, see the room sizes given opposite the numbers of the heaters in the tables under illustrations. The room sizes given are based on 9-foot ceilings and the maintenance of a temperature of 70 degrees with zero outside in buildings of average construction. If the sizes given do not correspond with the sizes of your rooms, figure cubic feet of space. For example, number 10 is rated to heat a room 16x12 feet with a 9-foot ceiling or 1,080 cubic feet of space. Number 0, 432 cubic feet; Number 20, 2,016 cubic feet of space; Number 30, 3,230 cubic feet of space. A comparison of the cubical content of your rooms with the above will tell you the size of heaters best adapted to your requirements. All models and sizes work equally well on manufactured or natural gas.



REPORT OF CONDITION OF LIBERTY NATIONAL BANK

At Tulsa, in the State of Oklahoma, at the Close of Business on September 12, 1919.

REPORT OF CONDITION OF THE LIBERTY NATIONAL BANK

At Tulsa, in the State of Oklahoma, at the Close of Business on September 12, 1919.

Charter No. 10262. Reserve District No. 10.

President Is Wearing Badge of American Legion Given to Him

ON BOARD PRESIDENT WILSON'S SPECIAL TRAIN, Sept. 23.—The badge of the American legion has replaced on President Wilson's coat lapel the miniature American flag which formed so prominent a feature of the war-time pictures of the nation's chief executive.

It was left to the legions chapter at Glendale, Mont., to bring the commander-in-chief of the American army and navy into its organization and give him a welcome to the war, and extended him a full membership when his special train halted at Glendale for a few minutes. He accepted and secured a Legion button which he has worn since all occasions.

Special to The World.

CHICKASHA, Okla., Sept. 23.—The opening of the Oklahoma college for women marked the beginning of its 18th year with an enrollment of 360 girls.

Many students are accommodated in Chickasha homes pending the completion of the dormitory.

A large number, President Austin de-

cides, returned to their homes after

SAY BELGIANS' SAILING DISPROVED DUTCH BREAK

WASHINGTON, Sept. 23.—The sailing of the king and queen of the Belgians for the United States was accepted in state department circles today as conclusive proofs that rumors of a break between Belgium and Holland are without foundation. Were the situation between the two countries critical, the king would have postponed his trip, it was said.

Secretary of State Charles E. Hughes stated today that the department was not yet ready to announce its plans for the reception of the royal visitors. There will be no formal reception in New York he said, the king and queen coming directly to Washington.

The department has received nothing on the report that United States marines have landed near Flushing, N. Y., to confirm the reported resignation of Admiral Kolchak as chief leader of the all-Russian forces.

American Beauty Shop, formerly at 212½ South Boston, is now located at 213 South Boulder. Phone Orange 1610—Advt.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE PRODUCERS STATE BANK

OF TULSA, OKLAHOMA, SEPTEMBER 12, 1919.

RESOURCES

Loans and discounts	\$ 2,223,829.42
Stocks, Bonds, Warrants, etc.	712,565.39
Furniture and Fixtures	1,000,000.00
Due from Banks	713,232.77
Checks and Other Cash Items	44,450.64
Exchanges for Clearing House	28,899.82
Trade Acceptances	28,746.85
Cash in Bank	54,028.36
TOTAL	\$ 3,990,646.69

LIABILITIES

Capital Stock Paid in	\$ 250,000.00
Surplus Fund	30,000.00
Undivided Profits, less Expenses and Taxes Paid	10,708.00
Reserved for Taxes	1,181,646.52
Due to Banks	1,780,312.56
Individual Deposits Subject to Check	391,474.45
Savings Deposits	288,226.96
Time Certificates of Deposit	52,485.45
Certified Checks	41,644.14
Cashier's Checks Outstanding	432.97
TOTAL	\$ 3,990,646.69

State of Oklahoma, County of Tulsa, ss:

I, C. H. SEGER, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief that no help me God.

C. H. SEGER, Cashier.

Correct—Attest: T. J. HARTMAN.

N. T. GILBERT.